1. Git commit -a -m “message”

To save all the changes made to the branch. M represents message a represents all.

1. Git clone “address.git”

This command clones the repository present at the specified address and stores in our current working directory of our local System.

1. Git status

Displays the status of all the commits

1. Git remote

Displays the instances of our repository locations.

1. Git log -2

Displays last 2 commits

We can replace -2 with -a to display all the commits.

1. Git push origin master

This command pushes the changes to the original repository on the Git hub website.

1. Git init:

This command makes the current directory of local System to git Repository.

1. Git remote add origin address of git file:

This command adds origin to our created git file on local System